



Converged from 6 regulators

Offel

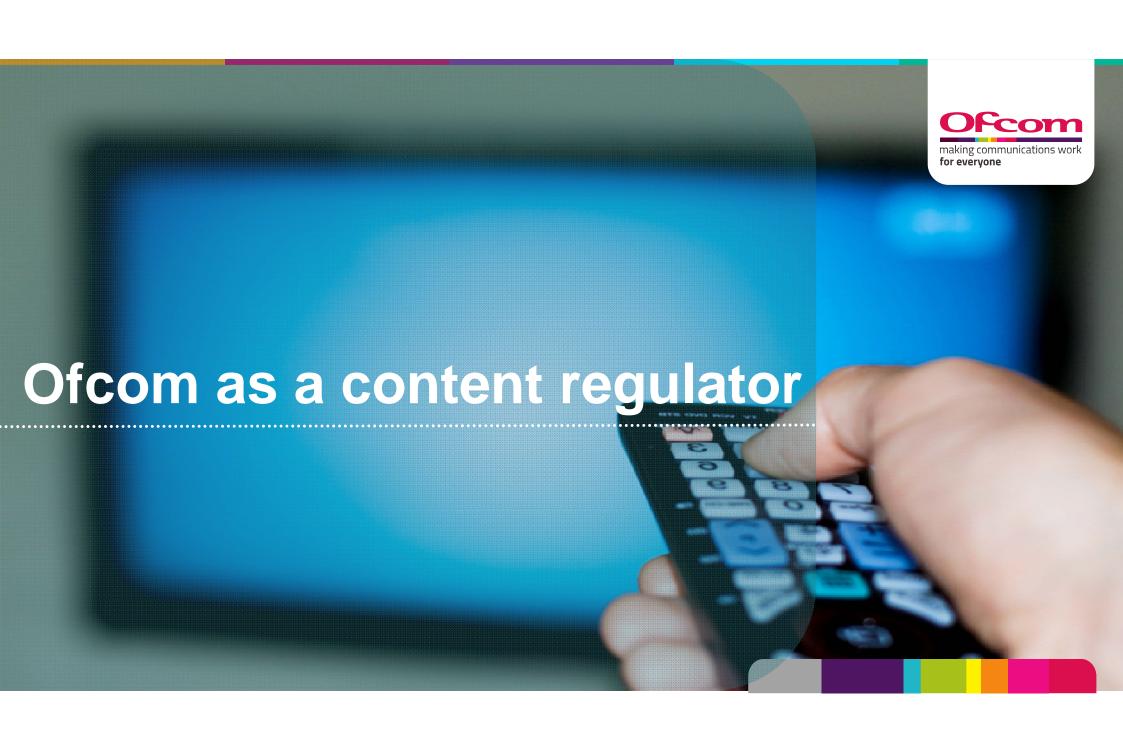






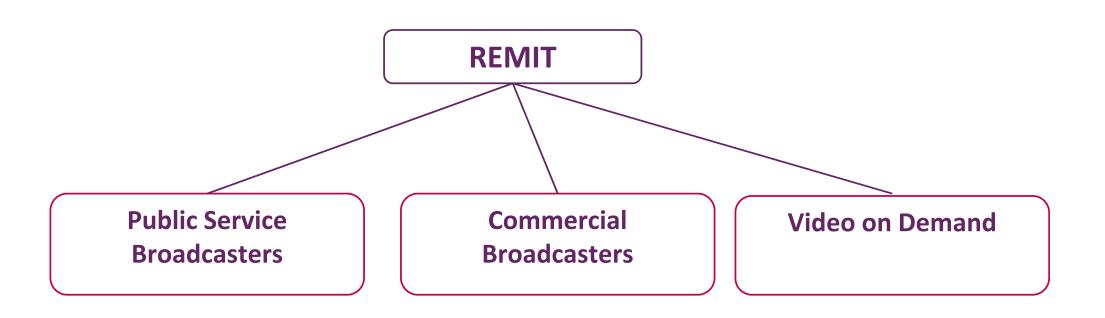






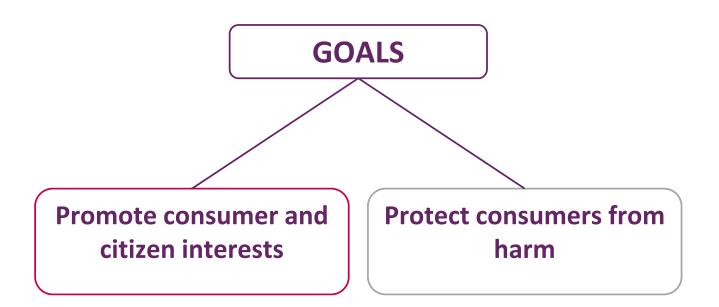


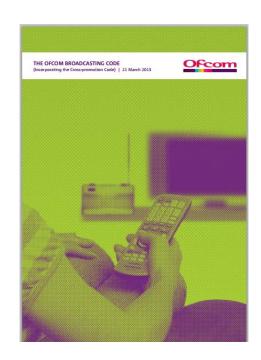
Ofcom as a content regulator

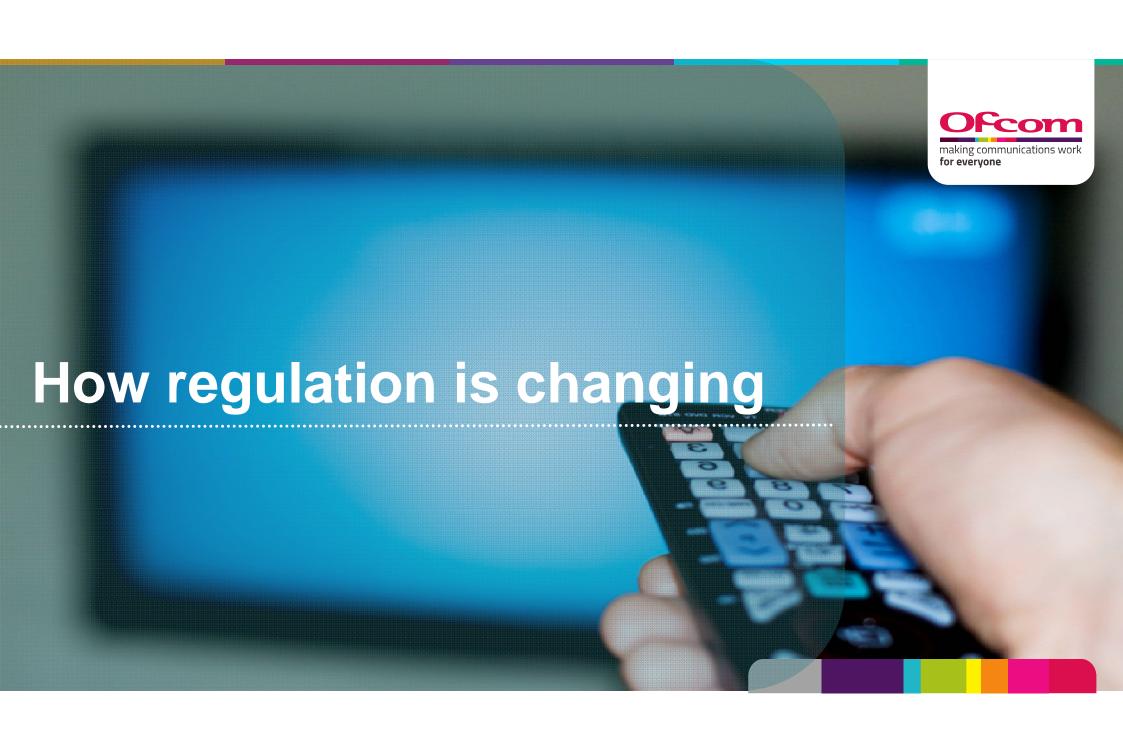




Ofcom as a content regulator

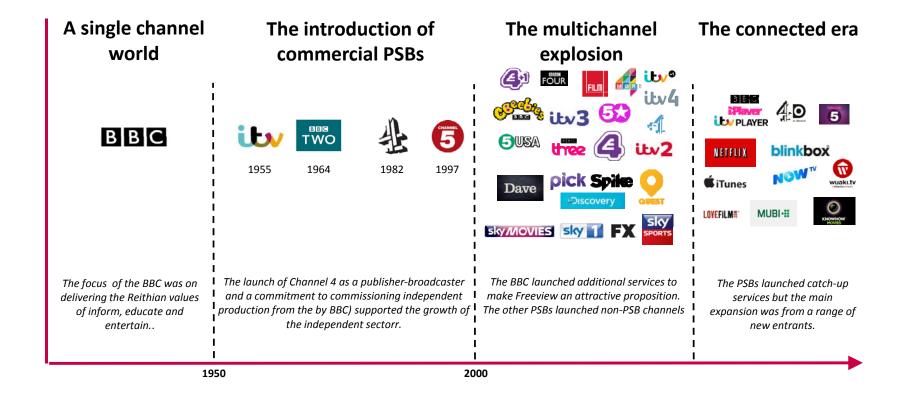








1. Changing PSB ecosystem



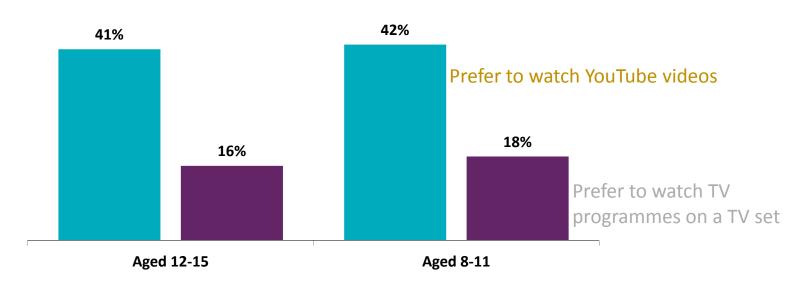
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2. Changing consumer behaviour

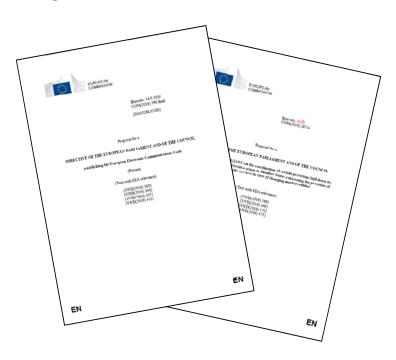
Children with a preference are likely to say they prefer YouTube over television

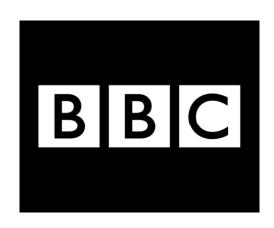
Video viewing preferences among children who watch TV and YouTube

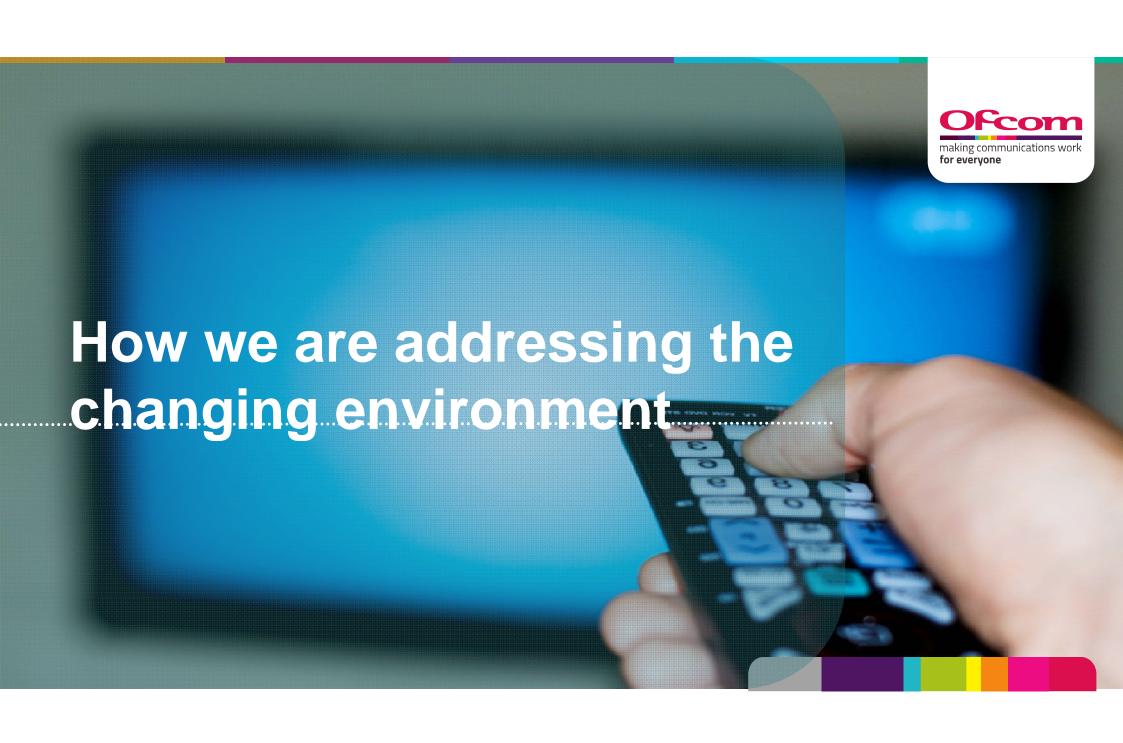




3. Changing legislative framework









1. Research

The UK Communications Market Report

Data and analysis on broadcast television and radio, fixed and mobile telephony, internet take-up and consumption and post.

Adults' media use and attitudes

Annual report on media use, attitudes and understanding among UK adults. Helps fulfil our duty to promote media literacy

Children and parents: Media use and attitudes

Annual report on media use, attitudes and understanding among 3-15 year olds. Main source of stakeholder information about children's online attitudes and behaviour

Ofcom is an evidence-based regulator. Market research is not just important to Ofcom, it is essential. Virtually all of our decision-making is informed by research evidence.

Ofcom strives to make communications markets work for everyone. The consumer is at the heart of everything Ofcom does. Research ensures that Ofcom has a thorough, robust and up-to-date understanding of consumers in the UK.

The Communications Act details several specific duties to conduct and publish market research among consumers and viewers.

The Digital Radio Report

Covers the availability and take-up of digital radio services, and informs the government's Digital Radio Action Plan

PSB Annual Report

This annual report provides the evidence base for assessing the delivery of PSB. It includes a report on PSB network level compliance with quotas

UK audience attitudes towards broadcast media Explores UK adults' attitudes and opinions towards TV and radio broadcasting, and related areas such as programme standards, advertising and regulation



2. Engagement

Ofcom: committed to the regulatory debate

EBU·UER











3. Our core regulatory principles

Ofcom will regulate with a clearly articulated and publicly reviewed annual plan, with stated policy objectives.

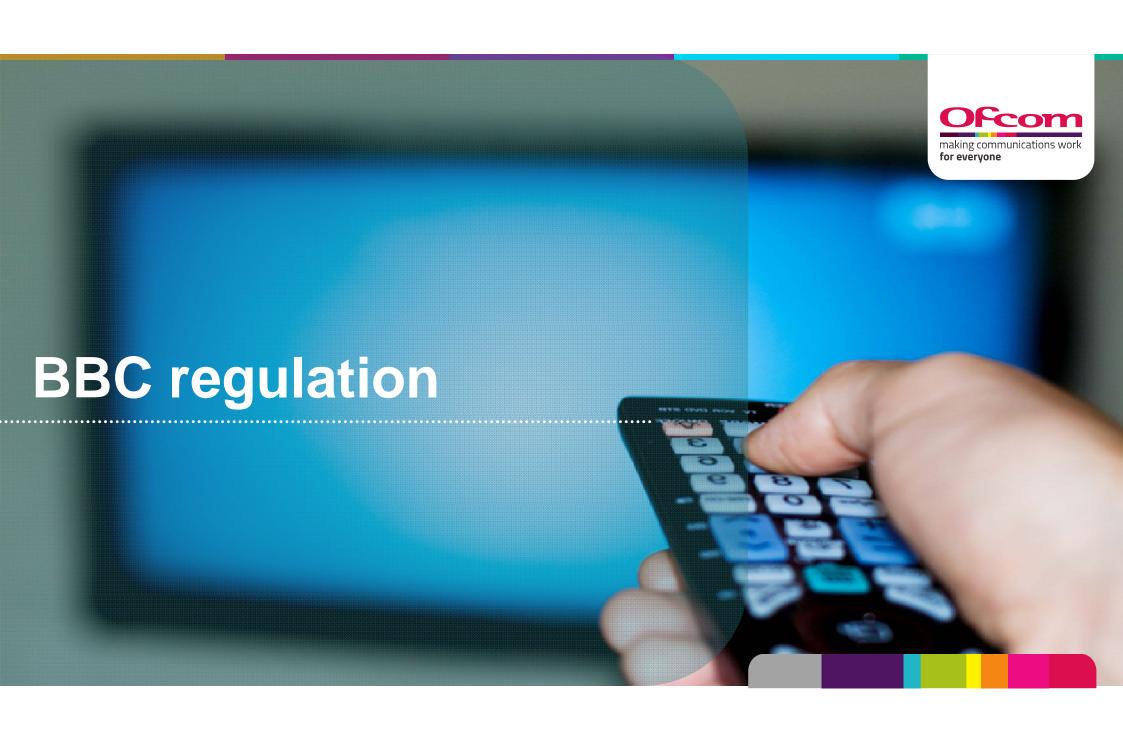
Ofcom operates with a bias against intervention, but a willingness to intervene firmly, promptly and effectively where required.

It will intervene where there is a specific statutory duty to work towards a public policy goal which markets alone cannot achieve.

Ofcom strives to ensure its interventions are evidence-based, proportionate, consistent, accountable, and transparent.

Ofcom consults with all relevant stakeholders and assesses the impact of regulatory action before imposing regulation on a market.

Ofcom constantly researches markets and aims to remain at the forefront of technological understanding.





The new Charter

Effective from 3 April 2017 to 31 December 2027

BBC's mission

To act in the public interest, serving all audiences through ... impartial, high-quality and distinctive output and services which inform, educate and entertain

BBC's public purposes

- 1 Provide impartial **news and information**
- **2** Support **learning** for people of all ages
- 3 Show the most creative, highest quality and distinctive output
- 4 Reflect, represent and serve the **diverse communities** of all UK nations and regions, [supporting] the creative economy across the UK
- 5 Reflect the United Kingdom, its culture and values to the world



Roles under the new Charter

Ofcom

Holds BBC's **performance** to account Protects fair **competition** Upholds high **standards** in BBC content



Defines corporation's **strategy**Sets **editorial guidelines**Performs initial **public interest tests**Efficiency, management issues and discipline



Sets **licence fee** model and funding Reviews **Charter and Agreement**



Audits BBC's **finances**Conducts any **value for money** studies



Overseeing the BBC's performance

BBC must remain a distinctive, world-class broadcaster, serving people across the UK's nations and regions

- We will **measure and enforce** the BBC's performance
- BBC must reflect UK's full diversity, and Nations
- Distinctiveness is a focus of the new Charter
- Audiences value original UK productions
- We'll **speak to audiences** to understand their needs
- And we'll conduct reviews to ensure the BBC delivers





Competition can benefit audiences

- Competition can increase choice, and stimulate investment and innovation
- Our job is to **protect** competition
- BBC **helps** drive competition
- May also affect others' ability to compete
- We'll assess value and effects of new services
- ▶ And place requirements on the BBC to minimise negative effects on the market





How we will assess competition



Ensuring any proposed changes to

Ensuring any proposed changes to BBC public service activities are justified

Output Competition reviews

Intervening if we think the BBC might be hurting fair and effective competition

Trading and separation assessments

Assessing the BBC's relationship with its commercial subsidiaries



Content standards: protecting audiences



- **▶** Hold the BBC to **high standards**
- Apply all of our proven Broadcasting Code
- Audiences should feel protected from harm
- People should **trust** what they see and hear
- Whole audience should be able to experience and appreciate BBC content
- ▶ Access for everyone to transparent complaints process: BBC first, but Ofcom oversees and can step in



Regulating the BBC – Ofcom's approach

- Putting viewers and listeners first
- Ensuring the BBC focuses on what matters to audiences
- Holding the BBC to account as its first external, independent regulator
- Making sure the BBC delivers on its mission and purposes
- Recognising the BBC's value to society and public service broadcasting
- Always acting independently, without fear or favour